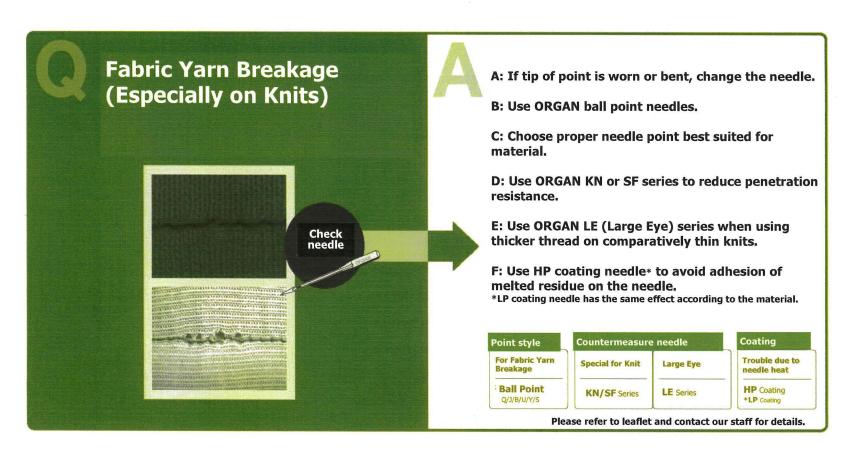
# **Sewing Troubles**

### **Contents**

Faric Yarn Breakage	Page 1
Skipped Stitches	Page 2
Seam Puckering, Needle Line	Page 3
Thread Breakage	Page 4
Pulling Linings out of needle	Page 5
Information Leaflet	Page 6









- A: Sew at lowest speed possible.
- B: Use a needle plate with a proper size hole.
- C: Check the needle plate for any scar or damage.
- D: Adjust the presser foot properly.
- E: Extend stitch length.

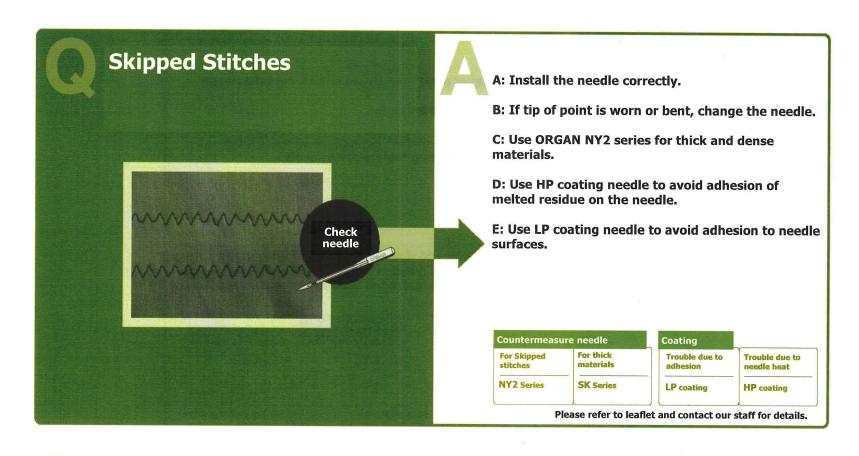


### **Fabric**

A: Adjust humidity of the fabric.



- A: Match thread size that is appropriate for the material and number of layers.
- B: Use thread with smooth surface properties and use silicone thread lubricant if possible.





- A: Adjust the distance between needle and hook or looper.
- B: Adjust the timing of hook or looper.
- C: Check the needle plate for any damage.
- D: Check the tip of hook or looper for any scar or damage.
- E: Increase pressure on presser foot if necessary.
- F: Clean the space under the needle plate.
- G: Be sure thread is correctly threaded.

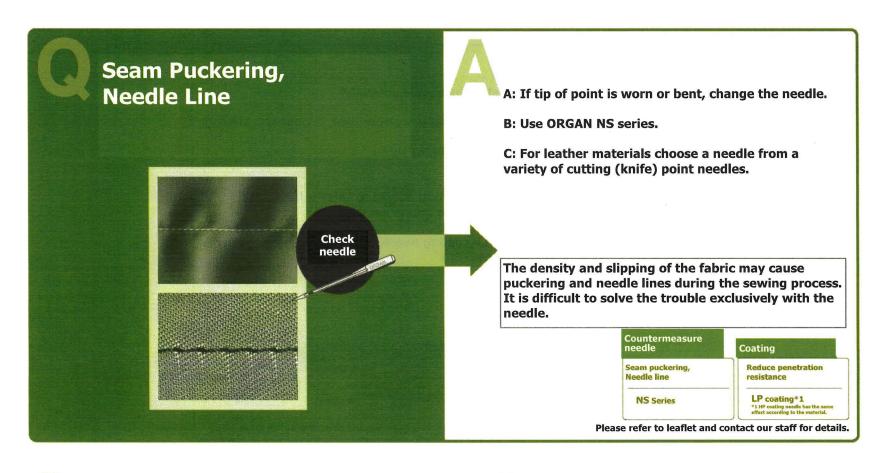


### Fabric

A: Difficult to solve trouble exclusively with the fabric.

# 2

- A: Adjust the tension correctly.
- B: Use good quality thread.
- C: Use appropriate size needle. (Refer to Page
- 13)
- D: Use silicone thread lubricant to avoid melting 5





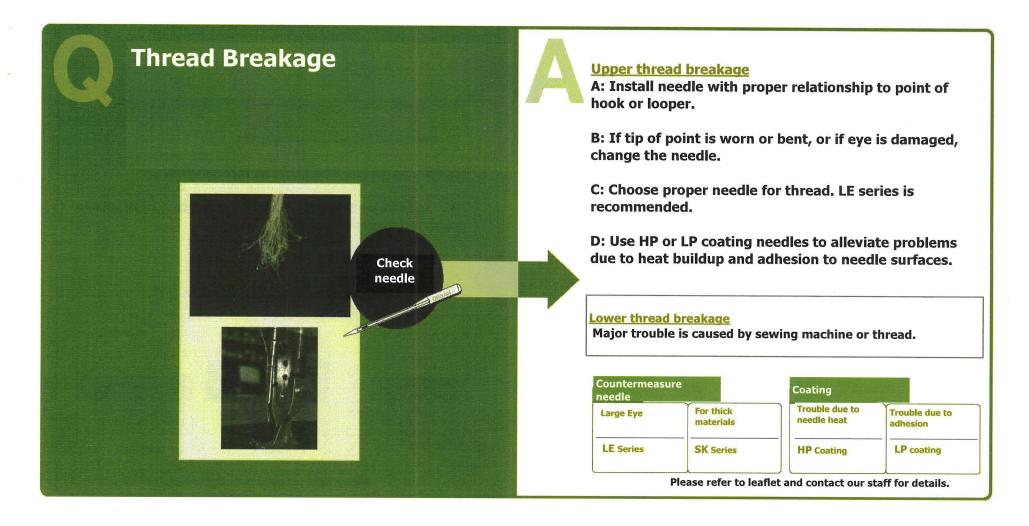
- A: To avoid puckering, use a machine with upper and lower feeding functions or a cloth puller.
- B: To avoid puckering, adjust the machine:
- \* Reduce thread tension as much as possible.
- \* Reduce sewing speed as possible.
- \* Reduce pressure on presser foot.
- \* Adjust height of feed dog.
- \* Use presser foot with smoothest possible surface or with PTFE\* coating.
- \* Use needle plate with smaller needle hole.
- C: To avoid needle line, reduce stitch length.
  - \* [PTFE]...polytetrafluoroethylene



- A: Avoid puckering on slippery materials by using interlining. B: Avoid puckering on soft materials by using interlining. C: Avoid puckering on rough materials by using a smoothing agent. D: Avoiding needle line may be difficult for twill or satin materials because the fabric weave shifts when sewn.



- A: Following thread types are recommended:
- \* Thin thread.
- \* Less-stretch thread.





- A: Check the needle hole in plate for any damage.
- **B:** Adjust the timing of hook or looper.
- C: Check for burrs or rough edges on sewing machine parts in thread path.
- D: Adjust the upper thread tension properly.
- **E**: Adjust threading of upper thread correctly.
- F: Adjust the lower thread tension properly (not too strong).
- G: Reduce sewing speed.

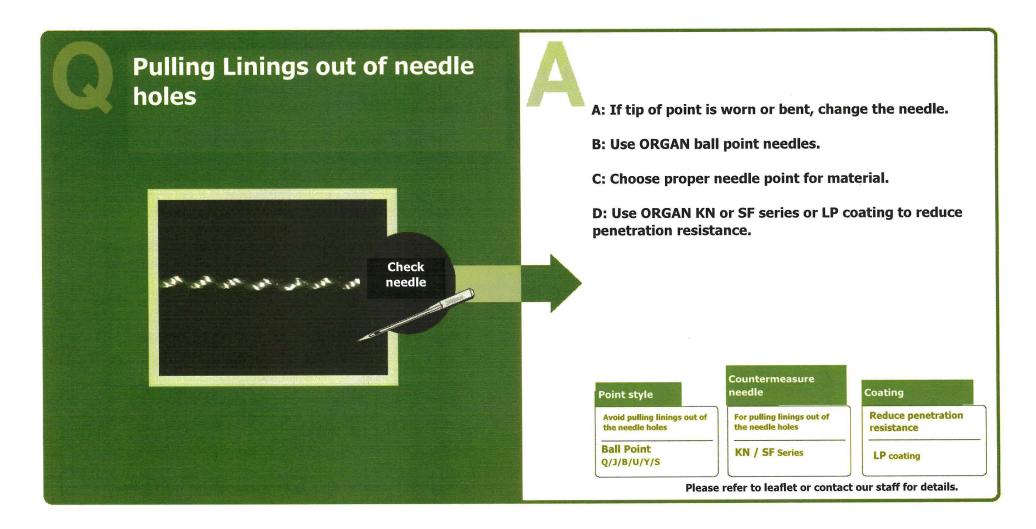


### **Fabric**

A: Difficult to solve trouble exclusively with the fabric.



- A: Wind no more than 80-90% of bobbin capacity.
- B: Avoid winding thread too tightly on bobbin.
- C: Wind thread on bobbin correctly.
- D: Use good quality thread.





A: Set the sewing speed as low as possible.



### Fabric

A: Very difficult to solve trouble according to fabric.



### **Thread**

A: Use thinnest thread possible.

B:Use thread with smooth surface properties and use silicone thread lubricant if possible.

Needle &	Thread Size	<b>Compatibility</b>	Chart

Metric Needle Size	Organ/Singer Needle Size	TEX/Thread Size	
60	8	12	
65	9	12, 15	
70	10	12, 15, 23	
75	11	12, 15, 23	
80	12	23, 30	
85	13	23, 30	
90	14	23, 30, 46	
95	15	23, 30, 46	
100	16	30, 46, 69	
105	17	30, 46, 69	
110	18	46, 69	
120	19	69, 92	
125	20	69, 92	
130	21	69, 92	
140	22	92, 138	
150	22.5	138	
160	23	138	
170	23.5	138	
180	24	138, 207	
190	24.5	138, 207	
200	25	207, 277	
230	26	207, 277, 346	
250	27	207, 277, 346, 415	
280	28	277, 346, 415	
300	29	346, 415	
330	30	415	
380	32	415	
9			





60 COMMERCE ROAD



January, 2015



### A SEWING MACHINE IS ONLY AS GOOD AS THE NEEDLE IN IT!

The Organ Needle Company works closely with all of Japan's sewing machine builders to design and manufacture needles for optimal performance. A machine builder cannot afford to buy an inferior needle at any price!

Next time you order replacement needles for your best machines, order the needles your machine builder uses. When your buy **ORGAN** needles for their outstanding performance, you also get their *low price* as a bonus.

More leading sewing machine builders use ORGAN needles than any other other brand of needles.

We stock hard-to-get needles as well as all needles for every sewing task.

**ORGAN "PD"** *Perfect Durability* needles. Titanium Plating makes them more resistant to wear. Stronger at the Point. Lasts up to Five Times Longer than chromium plated needles. *The Gold Standard*.

**ORGAN "CS"** *Cool-Sew* needles. Patented PTFE non-stick finish to alleviate heat buildup and friction. Reduces friction and residue buildup in needle eye and on surfaces when sewing synthetic and chemically treated fabrics.

**ORGAN "SK1"** needles. Patented "crank scarf" needles to prevent skipped stitches. Improved design for *Multi-Directional* stitching. Ideal for **Multi-Range** sewing.

**ORGAN "NY2" Tapered Blade** needles. Reduces skipped stitches in high speed sewing. Tapered blade reduces deflections and vibrations. Slim profile point eases penetration. Fewer skipped stitches.

**ORGAN "SD1" Round Tri-Tip** needles. Smallest cutting point needle for leather, vinyl, etc. Prevents stitch bursting holes in thin leather and satin-like linings with smallest hole.

### ORGAN Embroidery Machine needles.

Every type, size, eye shape, point, and finish for every embroidery job.

### ORGAN Quilting & Sewing Machine needles.

The right needle for home fashions including drapery, furniture, mattresses, and quilting.

## ORGAN Hosiery Sewing Machine needles.

For Toe Closing, Seaming, and finishing socks.

ORGAN NEEDLES for everyday sewing solutions.

# **Find Out More**

Call us for more information. See our website: www.organ-needle.com

We're your one-stop source for all sewing machine needles.

